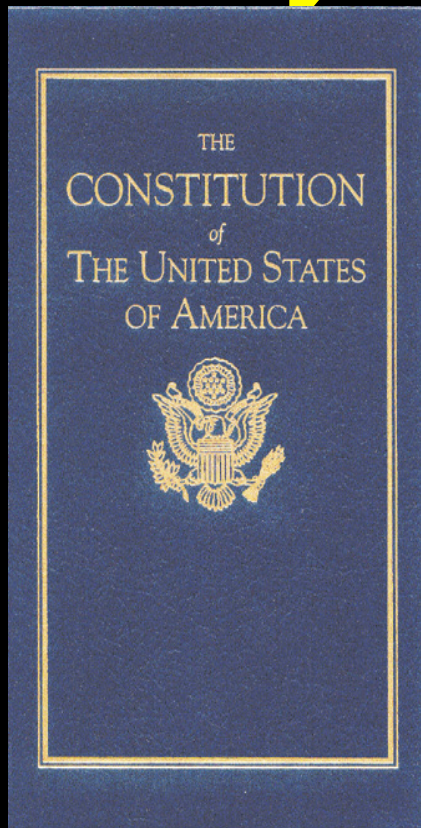


The student will demonstrate knowledge of the issues involved in the creation and ratification of the Constitution of the United States of America and how the principles of limited government, consent of the governed, and the social contract are embodied in it by b) identifying the major compromises necessary to produce the Constitution, and the roles of James Madison and George Washington.

**KEY ISSUES**  
& their resolution



**LAW:** Federal law the supreme law

#### **REPRESENTATION**

Senate each state had 2 senator  
House of Representative based on population

#### **THREE-FIFTHS COMPROMISE**

Counted slaves as 3/5 for the purpose of representation in the House

#### **POWERS OF THE BRANCHES**

many checks and balances on the 3 co-equal branches

#### **POWERS OF THE NATIONAL GOVERNMENT**

limited to those identified in the Constitution



#### **LEGISLATIVE BRANCH**



#### **EXECUTIVE BRANCH**



#### **JUDICIAL BRANCH**

VUS.5b

The Constitution of the United States of America established a government that shared power between the national government and state governments, protected the rights of states, and provided a system for orderly change through amendments to the Constitution itself.